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इस भाग में निम्न पृष्ठ संख्या वाली जाती है जिससे कि यह भलग संकलन के रूप में रखा जा सके  
(Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation)

## भाग I—खण्ड 3

## PART I—SECTION 3

रक्षा मंत्रालय द्वारा जारी किये गये विविध नियमों, विनियमों, आदेशों और संकाख्याओं से सम्बंधित अधिसूचनाएं

**(Notifications relating to Non-Statutory Rules, Regulations, Orders and Resolutions issued by the Ministry of Defence)**

## MINISTRY OF DEFENCE

## NOTIFICATION

New Delhi, the 26th July, 1969

No. 1839, dated 18th July 1969.—A special recruitment examination for admission to the Indian Navy as Special Entry Cadets under the Revised Special Entry Scheme shall be held by the Union Public Service Commission at such places and on such dates as may be specified in the Notice issued by the Commission in this behalf. The approximate number of vacancies to be offered for entry to the Indian Navy on the results of the examination will be specified in the Notice issued by the Commission.

2. Admission to the Indian Navy will be made on the results of a written examination to be conducted by the Union Public Service Commission and an interview by a Services Selection Board.

3. Candidates who have applied for a Commission in any branch in the Army or for Direct Entry Commission in the Air Force must exercise their final option before admission to the Indian Navy Course. After admission they will not be considered for any other Commissions. They will also not be permitted to appear for any interview or examination after they have been finally selected for training.

4. A candidate must be an unmarried male and must be either :—

- (a) a citizen of India, or
- (b) a subject of Sikkim, or
- (c) a subject of Bhutan, or
- (d) a subject of Nepal, or
- (e) a person of Indian origin who has migrated from Pakistan, Burma, Ceylon and the East African Countries of Kenya, Uganda and the United Republic of Tanzania (formerly Tanganyika and Zanzibar), with the intention of permanently settling in India.

Provided that a candidate belonging to categories (d) and (e) above shall be a person in whose favour a certificate of eligibility has been issued by the Government of India.

Certificate of eligibility will not, however, be necessary in the case of candidates belonging to any one of the following categories :

(i) persons who migrated to India from Pakistan on or after the nineteenth day of July, 1948, and have got themselves registered as citizens of India under Article 6 of the Constitution,

(ii) Gorkha subjects of Nepal.

A candidate in whose case a certificate of eligibility is necessary may be admitted to the examination and he may also provisionally be admitted to the course at a Naval Training Establishment subject to the necessary certificate being given to him by the Government.

NOTE.—A widower or a person who has divorced his wife cannot be treated as an unmarried male for the purpose of the above Rule.

5. CANDIDATES SHOULD BE MEDICALLY FIT IN ALL RESPECTS FOR SERVICE IN ANY PART OF THE WORLD. THE STANDARDS OF MEDICAL FITNESS ARE SHOWN IN APPENDIX II TO THE NOTIFICATION.

A NUMBER OF QUALIFIED CANDIDATES ARE REJECTED SUBSEQUENTLY ON MEDICAL GROUNDS. CANDIDATES ARE THEREFORE ADVISED IN THEIR OWN INTEREST TO GET THEMSELVES MEDICALLY EXAMINED BEFORE SUBMITTING THEIR APPLICATIONS TO AVOID DISAPPOINTMENT AT THE FINAL STAGE.

A sufficient number of suitable candidates recommended by the Services Selection Board will be medically examined by a Board of Service Doctors. A candidate who is not declared fit by the Medical Board will not be admitted to the Indian Navy. The very fact that the medical examination has been

carried out by a Board of Service Doctors will not mean or imply that the candidate has been finally selected. The proceedings of the Medical Board are confidential and cannot be divulged to anyone. The results of candidates declared unfit/temporarily unfit are intimated to them along with the procedure for submission of fitness certificate and appeal. No requests for the results of Medical Board will be entertained by the President of the Medical Board.

6. Candidates must undertake not to marry until they complete their full training. A candidate who marries subsequent to the date of his application, though successful at this or any subsequent examination, will not be selected for training. A candidate who marries during training shall be discharged and will be liable to refund all expenditure incurred on him by the Government.

7. A candidate for admission to the examination must have attained the age of 17 years and must not have attained the age of 20 years on the first day of the month in which the Course for the Indian Navy is due to commence.

#### THE PRESCRIBED AGE LIMITS CAN IN NO CASE BE RELAXED.

8. A candidate must have passed one of the following examinations or must possess one of the following certificates :—

- (a) the Intermediate or an equivalent Examination of a University or Board approved by the Government of India; or
- (b) the first year Examination under the three-year Degree course of a University approved by the Government of India; or
- (c) the pre-engineering Examination of the Delhi Polytechnic, Delhi, or of a University approved by the Government of India; or
- (d) the pre-professional/pre-technological Examination of an Indian University or a recognised Board conducted one year after the Higher Secondary or the pre-University stage; or
- (e) the first year Examination under the five-year Engineering Degree course of a University; or
- (f) the Cambridge Higher School Certificate examination; or
- (g) a diploma examination in engineering provided that the examination is taken after a course lasting not less than 2 years subsequent to Matriculation and provided also that the examination is recognised by a State Government for employment under it; or
- (h) General Certificate of Education Examination of London University at 'Advanced' level provided it is passed in at least three subjects; or
- (i) General Certificate of Education Examination of the Associated Examination Boards, London, at 'Advanced' level provided it is passed in at least three subjects; or
- (j) General Certificate of Education Examination of Ceylon at 'Advanced' level; or
- (k) the first year examination of the three-year diploma course in Rural Services of the National Council for Rural Higher Education.

**NOTE I.**—In exceptional cases the Union Public Service Commission may treat a candidate who has not any of the qualifications prescribed in this rule, as educationally qualified provided that he possesses qualifications, the standard of which in the opinion of the Commission justifies his admission to the examination.

**NOTE II.**—A candidate who has appeared at an examination the passing of which would render him eligible to appear at this examination but has not been informed of the result may apply for admission to the examination. A candidate who intends to appear at such a qualifying examination may also apply. Such candidates will be admitted to this examination, if otherwise eligible, but the admission would be deemed to be provisional and subject to cancellation if they

do not produce proof of having passed the examination as soon as possible, and in any case not later than a date which may be fixed by the Union Public Service Commission in this regard.

9. Candidates who were admitted to an earlier course for training as Naval Cadets or for training at the National Defence Academy, Indian Military Academy or Air Force Flying College but were removed therefrom on disciplinary grounds will not be eligible for admission to the course at a Naval Training Establishment.

Candidates who were previously withdrawn on medical ground from any of these institutions or who left the institution voluntarily are, however, eligible for admission to the course at a Naval Training Establishment.

Candidates who were previously selected as Special Entry Naval Cadets but were withdrawn from the National Defence Academy or from Naval Training Establishments for lack of officer-like-qualities will not also be eligible for admission to the course at a Naval Training Establishment.

Candidates who were withdrawn from other institutions for lack of officer-like-qualities will, however, be eligible for admission to the course at a Naval Training Establishment.

10. The decision of the Commission as to the eligibility or otherwise of a candidate shall be final.

11. A candidate who is or has been declared by the Commission guilty of impersonation or of submitting fabricated documents or documents which have been tampered with or of making statements which are incorrect or false or of suppressing material information or otherwise resorting to any other irregular or improper means for obtaining admission to the examination or of using or attempting to use unfair means in the examination hall or of misbehaviour in the examination hall, or of being found to have in his possession or accessible to him unauthorised papers, books or notes etc, in the examination hall may in addition to rendering himself liable to criminal prosecution, be debarred either permanently or for a specified period :—

- (a) by the Commission from admission to any examination or appearance at any interview held by the Commission for selection of candidates; and
- (b) by the Central Government from employment under them.

12. No candidate shall be admitted to the examination unless he holds a certificate of admission from the Commission.

13. Any attempt on the part of a candidate to obtain support for his candidature by any means may disqualify him for admission.

14. The examination will be conducted by the Commission in the manner prescribed in Appendix I to the Notification.

15. Candidates must pay the fee prescribed in Annexure I to the Commission's Notice.

16. The Union Public Service Commission shall prepare a list of candidates who obtain the minimum qualifying marks in the written examination, as fixed by the Commission in their discretion. Such candidates shall be interviewed by a Services Selection Board. The Maximum marks obtainable at Services Selection Board interview will be 700.

To be acceptable candidates should secure the minimum qualifying marks separately in (i) written examination and (ii) Services Selection Board Test, as fixed by the Commission in their discretion. Subject to this condition, they will then be placed in the order of merit on the basis of the total marks secured in the written examination and the interview. The final selection for admission to the Indian Navy will be made in order of merit subject to medical fitness and suitability in all other respects and number of vacancies available.

Candidates will appear before the Services Selection Board and undergo the test there at their own risk and will not be entitled to claim any compensation or other relief from Government in respect of any injury which they may sustain in the course of or as a result of any of the tests given

to them at the Services Selection Board, whether due to the negligence of any person or otherwise. Candidates will be required to sign a certificate to this effect on the form appended to the application. In the case of candidates who are minors the required certificate must be signed by their parents or guardians in the form prescribed.

Candidates when called for interview by a Services Selection Board or for subsequent training will be eligible for travelling allowance in accordance with the rules then in force. Candidates who have previously been before a Services Selection Board for the same type of Commission are not entitled to travelling allowance on subsequent occasions.

Success at the examination confers no right of admission to the Indian Navy.

A candidate must satisfy the appointing authority that he is suitable in all respects for admission to the Indian Navy.

17. The form and manner of communication of the result of the examination to individual candidates shall be decided by the Commission in their discretion, and the Commission will not enter into correspondence with them regarding the result.

#### *Training*

18. Selected candidates will be appointed as cadets and undergo training in Naval Ships and Establishment as under :—

(a) Cadets Training including afloat training for 6 months	1½ years
(b) Midshipmen afloat Training	1 year
(c) Acting Sub Lieutenants Technical Courses	1 year
(d) Sub Lieutenants—	

A minimum period of 3 months sea service to obtain a Watch-keeping Certificate.

19. The cost of training including accommodation and allied services, books, uniform, messing and medical treatment of the cadets will be borne by the Government. Parents or guardians of cadets will however, be required to meet their pocket and other private expenses while they are cadets. When a cadet's parent or guardian has an income less than Rs. 350 per mensem and is unable to meet wholly or partly the pocket expenses of the cadet, financial assistance up to Rs. 40 per mensem may be granted by the government. A candidate desirous of securing financial assistance may, immediately after his selection, submit an application through the District Magistrate of his District, who will with his recommendations forward the application to the Director of Personal Services, Naval Headquarters, New Delhi.

Provided that in a case where two or more sons or wards of a parent or guardian are simultaneously undergoing training at Naval ships/establishments, financial assistance as aforesaid may be granted to all of them for the period they simultaneously undergo training, if the income of the parent or guardian does not exceed Rs. 400 p.m.

20. In addition to the uniform provided free by the Government cadets should be in possession of some other items of clothing. In order to ensure correct pattern and uniformity, these items will be made at Naval Establishment and cost will be met by the parents or guardians of the cadets. Cadets applying for financial assistance may be issued with some of these items of clothing free or on loan. They may only be required to purchase certain items.

21. During the period of training, Service Cadets may receive pay and allowances of the substantive rank held by them as a sailor or as a boy or an apprentice at the time of selection as cadet. They will also be entitled to receive increments of pay, if any, admissible in that rank. If the

pay and allowances of their substantive rank be less than the financial assistance admissible to direct cadets, and provided they are eligible for such assistance, they will also receive the difference between the two amounts.

22. No cadet will normally be permitted to resign while under training. A cadet who is not considered suitable to complete the full course at the Indian Naval Ships and Establishments may, with the approval of the Government, be withdrawn from training and discharged. A service cadet under these circumstances may be reverted to his original appointment. A cadet thus discharged or reverted will not be eligible for re-admission to a subsequent course. Cases of cadets who are allowed to resign on compassionate grounds, may however, be considered on merits.

23. Before a candidate is selected as a cadet in the Indian Navy his parent or guardian will be required to sign :—

- (a) A certificate to the effect that he fully understands that he or his son or ward shall not be entitled to claim any compensation or other relief from the Government in respect of any injury which his son or ward may sustain in the course of or as a result of the training or where bodily infirmity or death results in the course of or as a result of a surgical operation performed upon or anaesthesia administered to him for the treatment of any injury received as aforesaid or otherwise.
- (b) A bond to the effect that if for any reasons considered within the control of the candidate, he wishes to withdraw from training, or fails to accept a commission, if offered, he will be liable to refund the whole or such portion of the cost of tuition, food, clothing and pay and allowances received, as may be decided upon by Government.

H. PAIS,  
Deputy Secretary

#### APPENDIX I

The subjects of the written examination, the time allowed and the maximum marks allotted to each paper will be as follows :—

Subject	Time allowed	Maximum Marks
1. English	2½ hours	250
2. General Knowledge		
Paper I	2 hours	125
Paper II	2 hours	125
3. Mathematics		
Paper I	2 hours	100
Paper II	2 hours	100

2. The syllabus for the examination will be as in the attached Schedule; and the question papers for the written examination will be the same as for the corresponding subjects in the scheme of the regular Indian Navy Examination, December, 1969 which will be held concurrently.

3. CANDIDATES ARE EXPECTED TO BE FAMILIAR WITH THE METRIC SYSTEM OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES. IN THE QUESTION PAPERS, WHEREVER NECESSARY, QUESTION INVOLVING THE USE OF METRIC SYSTEM OF WEIGHTS AND MEASURES MAY BE SET.

4. All question papers must be answered in English unless otherwise expressly stated in the question paper.

5. Candidates must write the papers in their own hand. In no circumstances will they be allowed the help of a scribe to write the answers for them.

6. The Commission have discretion to fix qualifying marks in any or all the subjects at the examination.

7. Marks will not be allotted for mere superficial knowledge.

8. Deductions up to 5 per cent of the maximum marks for written subjects will be made for illegible handwriting.

9. Credit will be given for orderly, effective and exact expression combined with the due economy of words in all subjects of the examination.

### SCHEDULE

#### *Standard and Syllabus of the Examination*

- (1) **ENGLISH**—The questions will be designed to test the candidate's understanding and command of the language. Among other tests a passage will be set for the precis.
- (2) **GENERAL KNOWLEDGE**—There will be two papers Paper I—dealing mainly with Current Affairs and History.

Paper II—dealing with Science and Geography.

The following syllabus is designed to indicate the scope of each subject included in these papers. The topics mentioned are not to be regarded as exhaustive and questions on topics of similar nature not mentioned in the syllabus may also be asked. Candidate's answers are expected to show their intelligent understanding of the question and not detailed knowledge of any text book.

### PAPER I

**Current Affairs**—Knowledge of important events that have happened in India during the past two years. India's system of Government. Important measures of legislation, whether undertaken by the Parliament or State Legislatures. Broad questions of India's policy relating to foreign affairs. Questions set will test the factual knowledge of candidates.

World events of international importance. Important personalities, both Indian and foreign. Sports and other cultural activities of outstanding importance.

**Indian History**.—Broad outline knowledge of Indian History. Knowledge of India's ancient culture and civilization as disclosed by monuments, ancient buildings and masterpieces of literature. Growth of self-Government. Main stages in the national movement leading to Independence.

**World History**.—Elementary knowledge of major events in world history. Reforms or national movements such as represented by the French Revolution, the Industrial Revolution in the U.K., the American War of Independence, the foundation of U.S.S.R., World Wars I and II, modern freedom movements in Asia.

### PAPER II

#### *Science*—

**Physics**—Physical properties and states of matter and simple measurements of mass, weight, density and specific gravity. Motion of object. Velocity, acceleration, force, gravity. Effects of heat, measurement of temperature, transference of heat, change of state.

Rectilinear propagation of light, phenomenon of reflection and refraction.

Natural and artificial magnets—Properties of a magnet.

Electricity, static and current, conductors, and non-conductors, heating, lighting and magnetic effects of currents,

**Chemistry**—Physical and chemical changes; elements, mixtures and compounds; chemical properties of air; chemical composition of water preparation and properties of Oxygen, Hydrogen and Nitrogen. Acids, Bases and Salts; Carbon, Coal, Carbon-dioxide.

**General**.—Elementary knowledge of the human body and its important organs. Names and uses of the common animals, trees, plants flowers, birds and minerals.

Common epidemics, their causes, means of prevention and cure.

Eminent Scientists, and their achievements.

**Geography**—The shape and movements of the Earth, Time, Night and day and the seasons. Climate and Weather—the main, climate and vegetation regions. The Earth's crust erosion, transportation and deposition : earthquakes and volcanoes. Tides and Ocean currents; Maps.

Human occupations and activities in relation to geographical factors.

The Geography of India with special reference to the above.

### (3) MATHEMATICS

#### PAPER I

**Algebra**—Standard Formulae and their application; Factors, Surds, Laws of Indices. Quadratic equations in one unknown (including graphical methods), Arithmetical and Geometrical Progressions (only finite series). Permutation and combination, Binomial Theorem (Any index), partial Fractions and Logarithms.

**Mensuration**—Areas of Plane figures. Volumes and Surfaces of Cubes, Cylinders, Pyramids, Cones and Spheres.

**Co-ordinate Geometry**—Distance formula, Section formula, equation of straight line, conditions of parallelism and perpendicularity, Length of perpendicular from point to a line. Angle between two lines—concurrency. Standard forms of the equation of a circle—Tangents and Normals.

#### PAPER II

**Trigonometry**—Trigonometrical ratios and their graphs addition theorems; Identities; Use of four figure tables; Simple trigonometrical equations; Solutions of triangles; Heights and distances.

**Calculus**—Derivatives of standard forms; Successive derivatives; Applications of the notion of derivative to geometry, mechanics and physics, simple cases of maxima and minima of functions of a single variable.

Integration of standard forms and questions based on them, integration by substitution and by parts; Integration of rational functions.

**Mechanics**—Composition and resolution of forces in one plane; Moments; Simple graphical methods; simple cases of equilibrium; Centre of gravity; Work: Velocity ratio, mechanical advantage and efficiency of a machine; Levers, pulleys, balances and other simple machines.

Rectilinear motion under uniform accelerations; graphical treatment of velocities and accelerations; composition and resolution of velocities and acceleration in a plane; conservation of linear momentum and energy; Work and power.

**NOTE**—Proofs of the parallelogram and triangle of forces and of the principle of moments will not be asked. Questions will not be set on curvilinear motion.

#### INTELLIGENCE AND PERSONALITY TEST

In addition to the interview the candidates will be put to Intelligence Tests, both verbal and non-verbal designed to assess their basic intelligence. They will also be put to Group Tests, such as group discussion, group planning, outdoor

group tasks, and asked to give brief lectures on specified subjects. All these tests are intended to judge the mental calibre of a candidate. In broad terms, this is really an assessment of not only his intellectual qualities but also his social traits and interest in current affairs.

## APPENDIX II

### *Physical Standards for Admission as Special Entry Cadets in the Indian Navy*

To be passed fit for admission to the Indian Navy, a candidate must be in good mental and bodily health and free from any defect likely to interfere with the efficient performance of duty.

2. The following points are to be particularly observed :—

- (a) that there is no evidence of weak constitution imperfect development, serious malformation or obesity;
- (b) that there is no disease or impairment of function of the bones and joints;
- (c) that there is no malformation of the head, deformity from fracture or depression of the bones of the skull;
- (d) that there is no impediment of speech;
- (e) that there is no impaired hearing discharge from or disease of either ear, unhealed perforation of the tympanic membranes or signs of acute or chronic suppurative otitis media or evidence of radical or modified radical mastoid operation;
- (f) that there is no disease of the bones or cartilages of the nose, nasal polypus or disease of the nasopharynx and accessory sinuses;
- (g) that there are no enlarged glands, tubercular or due to other disease, in the neck and other parts of the body and that the thyroid gland is normal;

NOTE—Scars of operations for the removal of tuberculous glands are not a cause for rejection provided that there has been no active disease within the proceeding 5 years and the chest is clinically and radiologically clear.

- (h) that there is no disease of the throat, plate tonsils or gums or any disease or injury affecting the normal function of either Mandibular joints;

NOTE—Simple hypertrophy of the tonsils, if there is no history of attacks of tonsilitis, is not a cause for rejection;

- (i) that there is no sign of functional or organic disease of the heart and blood-vessels;
- (j) that there is no sign of functional or organic disease or previous history of this disease or any other chronic disease of the lungs;
- (k) that there is no evidence of any disease of the digestive system. The liver and spleen should not be enlarged and there should be no abdominal tenderness on palpation;
- (l) that there is no hernia or tendency thereto;
- (m) that there is no hydrocele, varicocele or any other disease or defect of the genital organs;
- (n) that there is no disease of the kidneys. Cases showing albuminuria or glycosuria will not be accepted;
- (o) that there is no fistula and/or fissure of the anus or evidence of haemorrhoids;
- (p) that there is no skin disease unless temporary or trivial. Scars which by their extent or position cause or are likely to cause disability or marked disfigurement are a cause for rejection;

- (q) that there is no congenital, active or latent venereal disease;

Candidates with history of fits, incontinence of urine or Enuresis will not be accepted;

- (s) that there is no squint or any morbid condition of eye or of the lids that is liable to a risk of aggravation or recurrence;

- (t) that there is no active Trachoma or its complications and sequelae.

NOTE—Remedial operations are to be performed priority entry. No guarantee is given of ultimate acceptance and it should be clearly understood by the candidate that the decision whether an operation is desirable or necessary is one to be made by his private medical adviser. The Government will accept no liability regarding the result of operation or any expense incurred.

### 3. Standards for Height, Weight and Chest.

(a) *Height*.—The minimum height for a candidate of 18 years of age is 157 cm. except where otherwise stated. In case of Gorkhas, Nepalese, Assamese and Garhwali candidates, the minimum height may be reduced by 5 cm.

(b) *Weight*.—A table showing correlation between age, height and average weight is given below for guidance of the examining Medical Officer/Medical Board.

Age period	16-17	18-19	20-21
Height (centimetres)	Weight (kg.)	Weight (kg.)	Weight (kg.)
157	45	47	49
160	47	48	50
162	48	50	52
165	50	52	53
168	52	53	55
170	53	55	57
173	55	57	59
175	57	59	61
178	59	61	62
180	61	63	64
183	63	65	67

NOTE—Height and weight as shown above are for men fully stripped. It is not possible to lay down precise standards with regard to height and weight. This is left to the discretion of the Recruiting Medical Officer/Medical Board who may select candidates below height/weight who in his/their opinion would acquire the necessary height/weight standards on attaining the age of 18 years/completion of training. However, the minimum height on selection should not be less than 152 cm. The same applies to chest measurement and expansion but the minimum range of expansion should preferably be 5 cm.

(c) *Chest*.—The chest should be well proportioned and well developed with a minimum range of expansion of 5 cm.

4. It should be ensured that sufficient number of sound natural teeth for efficient mastication are present.

(a) In order to assess the dental condition of an individual teeth in good apposition with corresponding teeth in the other jaw will be allotted points as follows :—

- (i) Central incisor, lateral incisor, canine, 1st and 2nd premolar and under developed 3rd molar—1 point each.

(ii) 1st and 2nd molar and fully developed third molar—2 points each.

When all 32 teeth are present, there will be total count of 22 points.

(b) The following teeth on each side of the jaw in good functional apposition must be present :—

(i) Central incisor, lateral incisor, canine—at least two must be present.

(ii) 1st Premolar, 2nd premolar—At least one must be present.

(iii) 1st molar, 2nd molar, 3rd molar—At least two must be present.

(c) A candidate must have a minimum of 14 dental points to be acceptable.

(d) Candidate suffering from severe pyorrhoea will be rejected. Where the state of pyorrhoea is such that in the opinion of Dental Officer, it can be cured without extraction of teeth the candidate may be accepted.

5. An X-Ray examination of chest will be carried out. Any defects or disability discovered during this examination will disqualify a candidate from entry into the Service.

#### *Eye Sight Standard*

Distant Vision without glasses	Near Vision without glasses	Colour preception standard	Binocular Vision
6/6	6/9	Each eye D-0.5 snellen	1 Good binocular vision (fusion faculty and full field of vision in both eyes).

NOTE—Candidates who fail to secure night vision standard 11 (eleven) very good/good by Dalla Casa are to be rejected.

6. *Acceptable defects at entry*—Candidates for entry into the Navy presenting mild degree of the following defects may be accepted :—

(a) slight degree of varicocele;

(b) knock knee with a separation of less than 5 cm. of internal malleoli;

(c) defective gait not affecting walking and running;

(d) partly flexible flat feet with only a short history of foot strain;

(e) healed perforation of the ear drum if the hearing is normal;

(f) III & IV degree trachoma without entropion;

(g) mild curvature of leg not affecting walking and running;

(h) mild hammer toe with no history of trouble;

(i) slight stammering but not affecting expression;

(j) mild degree of varix;

(k) Undescended intra-abdominal testicle of one side should be no bar to acceptance for service in Armed Forces provided the other testicle is normal and

there is no untoward physical or psychological effect due to the undescended testicle. Undescended testis retained in the inguinal canal or at the external abdominal ring is, however, a bar to acceptance unless corrected by operation;

(l) any other slight defect which in the opinion of the Medical Officer will not interfere with the individual's efficiency as an officer or sailor.

#### APPENDIX III

##### BRIEF PARTICULARS OF NAVAL SERVICE

###### 1. PAY AND ALLOWANCES

###### (a) Pay

Rank	Pay Scale	
	General Service	Naval Aviation
Midshipman.	Rs. 270	Rs. 270
Ag. Sub Lieut.	Rs. 400	Rs. 475
Sub Lieut.	Rs. 450—480	Rs. 535—565
Lieut.	Rs. 630—910	Rs. 710—990
Liut. Cdr.	Rs. 1000—1300	Rs. 1050—1300
Commander	Rs. 1350—1500	Rs. 1350—1500
Captain	Rs. 1550—1950	Rs. 1550—1950
	(Commodore receives pay to which entitled according to seniority as Captain).	
Rear Admiral	Rs. 2500—125/2 —2750	Rs. 2500—125/2 —2750
Vice Admiral	Rs. 3000	Rs. 3000

###### (b) Allowances

In addition to pay, an officer receives the following allowances :—

(i) Compensatory (City) and dearness allowances are admissible at the same rates and under the same conditions as are applicable to the Civilian Gazetted Officers from time to time.

(ii) A kit maintenance allowance of Rs. 40 p.m. (in the case of officers of and below the rank of Commodore only),

(iii) A special disturbance allowance of Rs. 30 p.m. (in the case of officers of and below the rank of Commodore only).

(iv) When officers are serving outside India, expatriation allowance ranging from Rs. 50 to Rs. 250 p.m. depending on rank held, is admissible.

(v) a separation allowance of Rs. 70 p.m. is admissible to

(i) married officers serving in non-family stations; and

(ii) married officers serving on board I. N. Ships for the period during which they remain in ships away from the base ports.

NOTE I.—In addition certain special concessions like hard-lying money, sub-marine allowance, survey bounty/survey allowance qualification pay/grant and diving pay are admissible to officers.

**NOTE II**—Naval Aviation officers are entitled to flying bounty at rates and under conditions applicable to corresponding ranks of Air Force officers.

## 2. PROMOTION

### (a) By time scale

Midshipman to Ag. Sub Lieut.	1 year
Ag. Sub-Lieut. to Sub-Lieut.	1-1½ years' depending upon the branch for which selected.
Sub Lieut. to Lieut.	3 years (subject to gain/forfeiture of seniority).
Lieut. to Lieut. Cdr.	8 years seniority as Lieut.
Lieut. Cdr. to Commander (if not promoted by selection).	24 years reckonable Commissioned Service.

### (b) By Selection

Lieut. Cdr. to Cdr. Executive Branch,	2-8 years' seniority as Lieut Cdr.
Cdr. to Capt. Captain to Rear Admiral Rear Admiral to Vice Admiral	4 years' seniority as Cdr. No service restriction.

## 3. POSTING

Officers are liable to serve anywhere in India and abroad.

**NOTE**—Further information, if desired, may be obtained from the Director of Personal Services, Naval Headquarters, New Delhi-11.

